



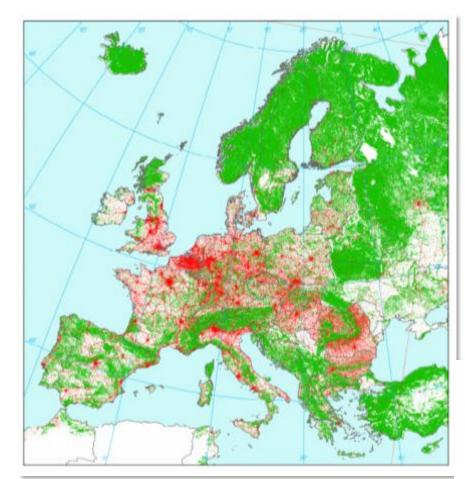
Bram D'hondt, Sam Provoost, Reinhardt Strubbe, Debby Deconinck & Tim

Adriaens



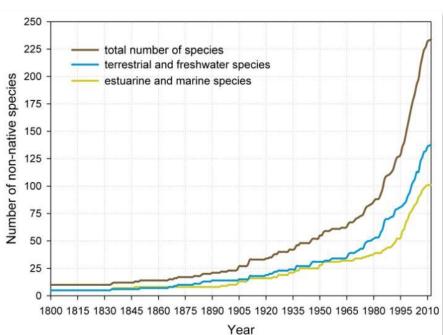
RESEARCH INSTITUTE

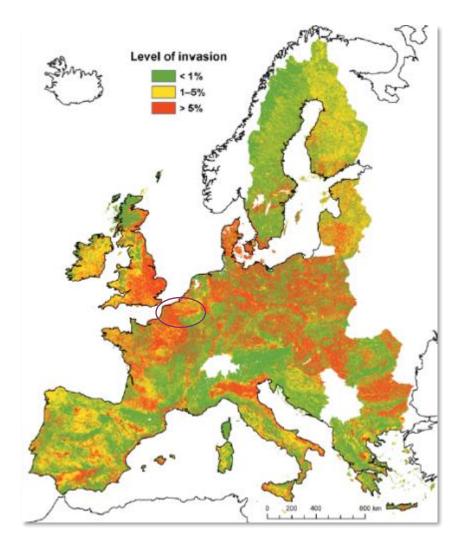
NATURE AND FOREST

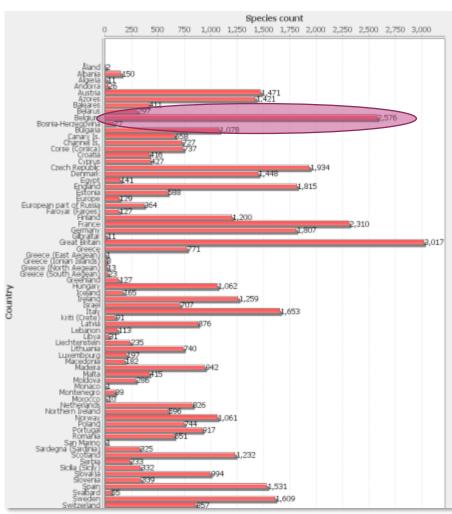


**EEA 2002** 

- ► Flanders = urban sprawl
- ▶ Near "absence" of spatial planning
- ▶ 26 % built-up land
- ▶ High pressures on open space
- ▶ 525 inhabnts/km²
- Logistical hub
- ▶ Natural areas small and vulnerable



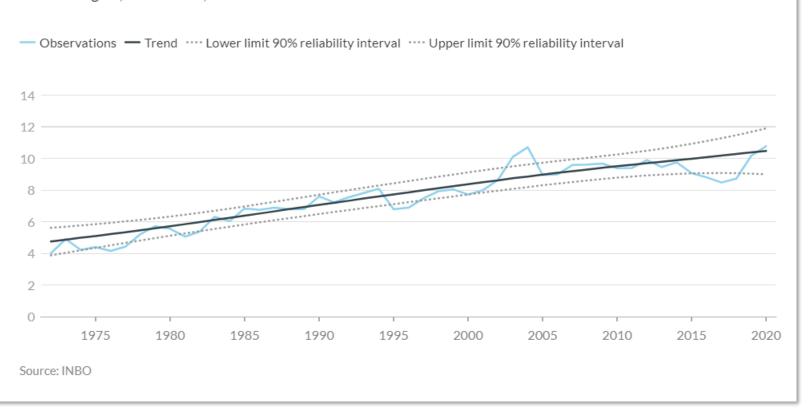


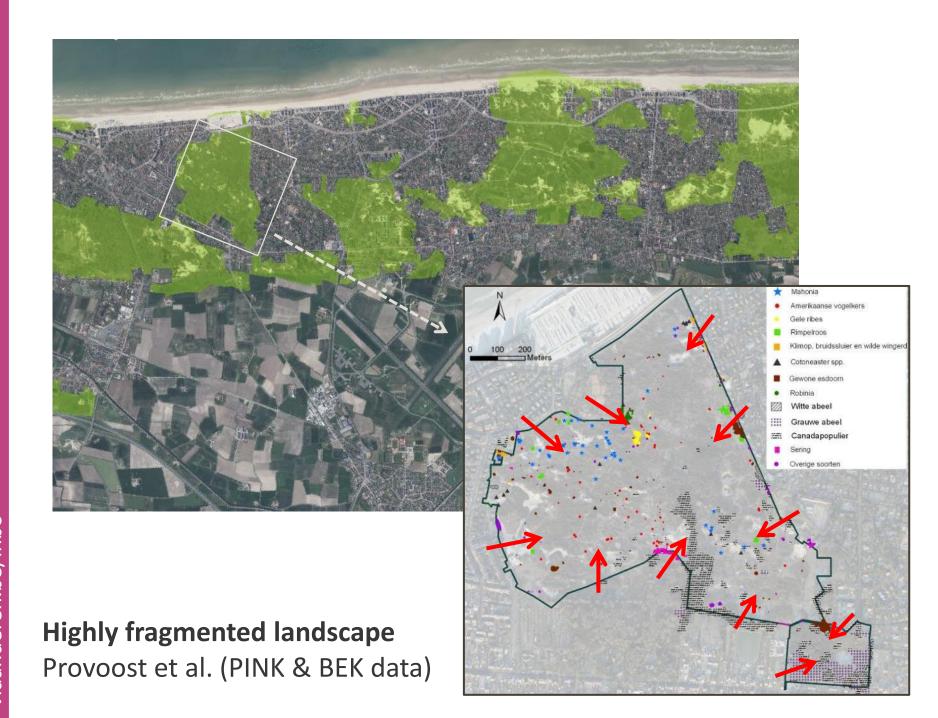


Chytrý et al. 2009 Div Dist, DAISIE

#### Share of alien plant species

Flemish Region, 1972 -2020, in %





# Alien plants in Belgian coastal dunes

- ► Alien flora: 5 → 20% past century
- ▶ New plant species >1972: 60% aliens
- ▶ New aliens: mainly garden escapes
- **▶** Invasive problem species
- Late acknowledgement as problem



Species	Growth form	ISEIA	Surface area (m²)	% dune areas
Rosa rugosa	Shrub	В3	56757	63
Berberis aquifolium	Shrub	A2	34035	50
Prunus serotina	Tree	A3	5461	52
Syringa vulgaris	Shrub	_	4544	30
Ribes odoratum	Shrub	_	2986	11
Symphoricarpos spp.	Shrub	_	2874	26
Robinia pseudoacacia	Tree	_	1458	4
Cotoneaster spp.	Shrub	-	1392	41
Lycium barbarum	Shrub	-	420	15
Ailanthus altissima	Tree	A2	209	9
Tamarix spp.	Shrub	_	169	9
Elaeagnus spp.	Shrub	_	108	11
Lonicera spp.	Liana	_	106	13
Prunus spp.	Tree	-	88	13
Parthenocissus spp.	Liana	B3	83	4
Ligustrum ovalifolium	Shrub	-	72	9
Ribes sanguineum	Shrub	_	58	26
Amelanchier spp.	Shrub	_	44	9
Yucca spp.	Tree-like succulent	-	25	15



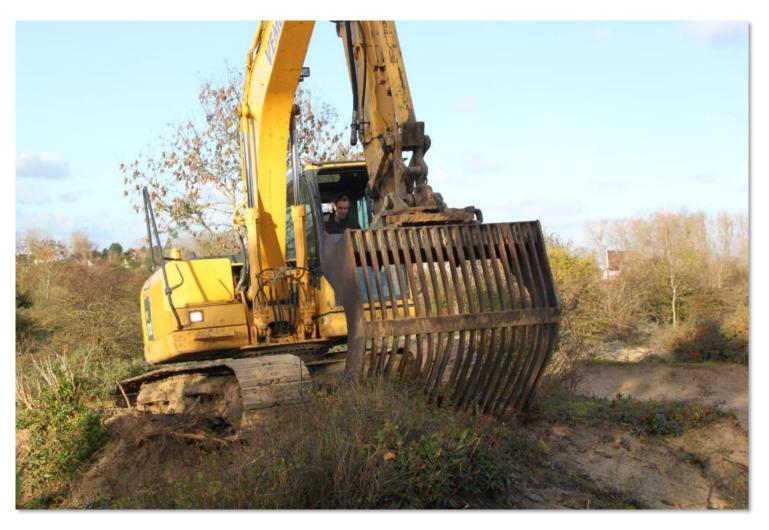
Cornus spp.	Shrub	_	15	24
Baccharis halimifolia	Shrub	A1	13	11
Buddleja davidii	Shrub	В3	7	7
Euonymus japonica	Shrub	-	5	2
Pseudosasa japonica	Shrub	-	4	2
Rosa spp.	Shrub	А3	4	4
Quercus spp.	Tree	-	3	4
Sorbus spp.	Tree	-	2	4
Viburnum spp.	Shrub	_	1	2







# **Management costs**





#### **EUROPEAN COMMISSION**



#### LIFE Public Database

European Commission > CINEA > LIFE Programme > LIFE Public Database

LIFE DUNIAS on LIFE Public Database







Reference: LIFE20 NAT/BE/001442 | Acronym: LIFE DUNIAS

#### PROJECT DESCRIPTION

#### **BACKGROUND**

Coastal dunes and Atlantic salt marshes are unique ecosystems and home to a large number of red list species. Typical habitat types such as annual pioneer vegetation on mud and sand areas, Atlantic salt meadows, embryonic dunes, shifting white or fixed grey dunes, Atlantic decalcified fixed dunes, dunes with sea buckthorn, dunes with creeping willow, wooded dunes and dune slacks are high conservation value habitats of EU importance.

However, many of the dune areas along the Belgian coast are small and fragmented, making them very susceptible to external influences. Moreover, dunes are open and dynamic systems, making it easier for invasive alien species (IAS) to settle. Also, the microclimate of dunes makes the habitat vulnerable to the settlement of southern IAS. In Belgian coastal dunes, invasive alien plant species such as Rosa rugosa, Mahonia aquifolium and species of Union concern (specifically targeted by the EU IAS Regulation) Baccharis halimifolia and Ailanthus altissima are infesting the abovementioned European habitat types. Dunes become degraded

#### **ADMINISTRATIVE DATA**

Reference: LIFE20 NAT/BE/001442

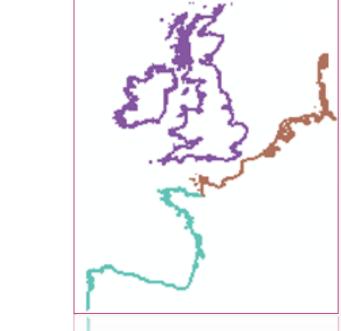
Acronym: LIFE DUNIAS ② Start Date: 01/10/2021 @ End Date: 01/10/2026

€ Total Budget: 7,087,215 € ■ EU Contribution: 4,252,329 €

Project Location:

# Aims of the workshop

- Prioritized list of (potential) IAS
  - $\rightarrow$  EDRR
  - **→** Surveillance
  - → Prevention
    - × Garden centers
    - × Codes of conduct
    - × Pathway action plans
    - × Awareness raising
- **▶** Policy applications
  - → Candidates for risk assessment
  - → Candidates for Union Listing
  - → Inform national/regional listings
  - → Better integration of environmental legislative regimes
- ▶ Knowledge exchange on problem species across the region (*climate proofing*)
- ► Knowledge exchange on management practices
  - → Good, bad and best practices
  - → Management priorities
  - → Feasibility
- Networking
  - → Strengthen dune IAS network across the Atlantic region

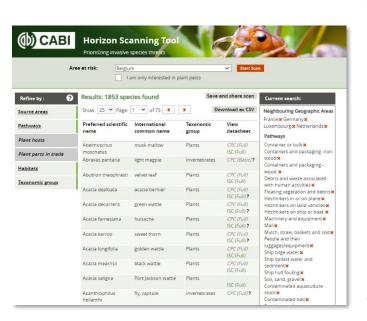






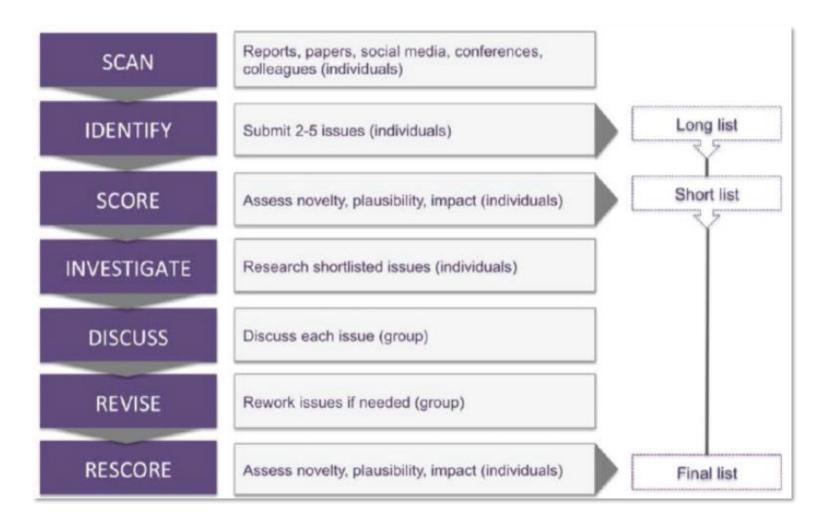
## Horizon scanning

- Forecasting methodology
- **▶** Evidence based identification of future threats and opportunities
- Recurrent activity



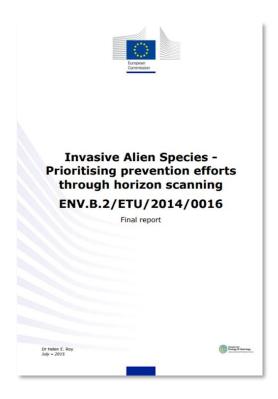


### Method



Sutherland et al., 2011 Meth Ecol Evol; Wintle et al., 2017 eLIFE

# Horizon scanning

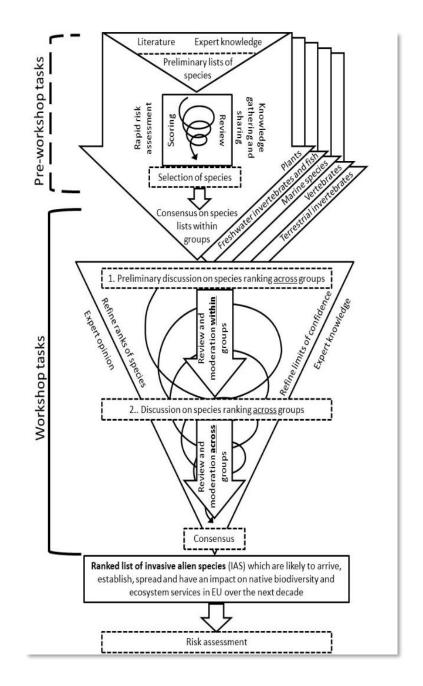


#### Global Change Biology

Global Change Biology (2014) 20, 3859-3871, doi: 10.1111/gcb.12603

### Horizon scanning for invasive alien species with the potential to threaten biodiversity in Great Britain

HELEN E. ROY<sup>1</sup>, JODEY PEYTON<sup>1</sup>, DAVID C. ALDRIDGE<sup>2</sup>, TRISTAN BANTOCK<sup>3</sup>, TIM M. BLACKBURN<sup>4,5</sup>, ROBERT BRITTON<sup>6</sup>, PAUL CLARK<sup>7</sup>, ELIZABETH COOK<sup>8</sup>, KATHARINA DEHNEN-SCHMUTZ<sup>9</sup>, TREVOR DINES<sup>10</sup>, MICHAEL DOBSON<sup>11</sup>, FRANÇOIS EDWARDS<sup>1</sup>, COLIN HARROWER<sup>1</sup>, MARTIN C. HARVEY<sup>12</sup>, DAN MINCHIN<sup>13</sup>, DAVID G. NOBLE<sup>14</sup>, DAVE PARROTT<sup>15</sup>, MICHAEL J. O. PQCOCK<sup>1</sup>, CHRIS D. PRESTON<sup>1</sup>, SUGOTO ROY<sup>15</sup>, ANDREW SALISBURY<sup>16</sup>, KARSTEN SCHONROGGE<sup>1</sup>, JACK SEWELL<sup>17</sup>, RICHARD H. SHAW<sup>18</sup>, PAUL STEBBING<sup>19</sup>, ALAN J. A. STEWART<sup>20</sup> and KEVIN J. WALKER<sup>21</sup>



# Horizon scanning

...prioritising species for risk assessment



L 189/4

EN

Official Journal of the European Union

14.7.2016

Invasive Alien Species -Prioritising prevention efforts through horizon scanning ENV.B.2/ETU/2014/0016

#### COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2016/1141

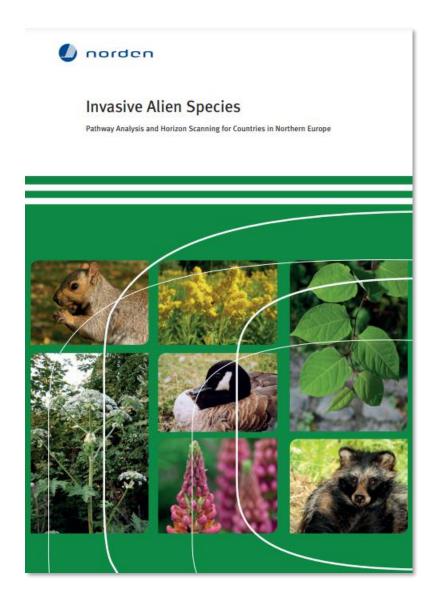
of 13 July 2016

adopting a list of invasive alien species of Union concern pursuant to Regulation (EU)
No 1143/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council



...implementing surveillance, monitoring and action

# Geographic scope



2014

Horizonscanning for new invasive nonnative species in the Netherlands



Creemers, H. Hollander, N. van Kessel, H. van Kleef, S. van de Koppel, A.J.J. Lemaire, B. Odé, G. van der Velde, L.N.H. Verbrugge & R.S.E.W. Leuven

## Impact domain scope

Biol Invasions (2019) 21:2107-2125 https://doi.org/10.1007/s10530-019-01961-7

#### Check for

#### ORIGINAL PAPER

Horizon scanning for invasive alien species with the potential to threaten biodiversity and human health on a Mediterranean island

Jodey Peyton : Angeliki F. Martinou : Oliver L. Pescott : Monica Demetriou · Tim Adriaens · Margarita Arianoutsou · Ioannis Bazos · Colin W. Bean · Olaf Booy · Marc Botham · J. Robert Britton · Javier Lobon Cervia · Pantelis Charilaou · Niki Chartosia · Hannah J. Dean · Pinelopi Delipetrou · Andreas C. Dimitriou · Gerald Dörflinger · Jim Fawcett · Georgios Fyttis · Alexandros Galanidis · Bella Galil · Thomas Hadjikyriakou · Margarita Hadjistylli · Christina Ieronymidou · Carlos Jimenez · Paraskevi Karachle · Nikos Kassinis · George Kerametsidis · Alexander N. G. Kirschel · Periklis Kleitou · Demetris Kleitou · Paraskevi Manolaki · Nikolas Michailidis · J. Owen Mountford · Charis Nikolaou · Athina Papatheodoulou · Giorgios Payiatas · Filipe Ribeiro · Stephanie L. Rorke · Yianna Samuel · Pantelis Savvides · Stefanie M. Schafer · Ali Serhan Tarkan · Iolanda Silva-Rocha · Nildeniz Top · Elena Tricarico · Katherine Turvey · Iakovos Tziortzis · Elli Tzirkalli · Hugo Verreycken · Ian J. Winfield · Argyro Zenetos · Helen E. Roy©





ORIGINAL RESEARCH published: 21 October 2020 doi: 10.3389/fevo.2020.566281



#### Horizon Scanning to Predict and Prioritize Invasive Alien Species With the Potential to Threaten Human Health and Economies on Cyprus

**OPEN ACCESS** 

Edited by: Ana Sofia Vaz, University of Granada, Spain

Reviewed by:

Michaela Roberts, The James Hutton Institute, United Kingdom Bernd Lenzner, University of Vienna, Austria

> \*Correspondence: Jodey M. Peyton

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## **Taxonomic scope**

Natural England Commissioned Report NECR009

Horizon scanning for new invasive non-native animal species in England

First published 22 May 2009

www.naturalengland.org.uk



NeoBiota 62: 31–54 (2020) doi: 10.3897/neobiota.62.52934 http://neobiota.pensoft.net





### A framework for prioritising present and potentially invasive mammal species for a national list

Sandro Bertolino<sup>1</sup>, Leonardo Ancillotto<sup>2</sup>, Paola Bartolommei<sup>3</sup>, Giulia Benassi<sup>4</sup>,
Dario Capizzi<sup>5</sup>, Stefania Gasperini<sup>3</sup>, Marco Lucchesi<sup>6</sup>, Emiliano Mori<sup>7</sup>,
Laura Scillitani<sup>8</sup>, Giulia Sozio<sup>9</sup>, Mattia Falaschi<sup>10</sup>, Gentile Francesco Ficetola<sup>10,11</sup>,
Jacopo Cerri<sup>1</sup>, Piero Genovesi<sup>12</sup>, Lucilla Carnevali<sup>12</sup>, Anna Loy<sup>13</sup>, Andrea Monaco<sup>5,12</sup>

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AFRICAN JOURNAL OF
MARINE SCIENCE
ISSN 1814-232X EISSN 1814-2338
https://doi.org/10.2889/181423X.2019.1888782

#### Horizon scanning for alien predatory crabs: insights from South Africa

C Swart1 and TB Robinson1.2\*

- Department of Botany and Zoology, Stellenbosch University, Stellenbosch, South Africa
- <sup>2</sup> Centre for Invasion Biology, Department of Botany and Zoology, Stellenbosch University, Stellenbosch, South Africa
- \* Corresponding author, e-mail: trobins@sun.ac.za

Due to the presence of few dominant predators on South African rocky shores, this coastline could be vulnerable to invasion by predatory crabs. This study applied horizon scanning to create an ordered watch list of alien crab species that could establish along this coastline under present-day and future temperature scenarios. This was done by: (i) identifying the species with both an invasion history and a possible pathway to South Africa; (ii) comparing the temperature ranges of the species hateve and introduced distributions to those of each of the four South Africa necoregions; and (iii) ranking the species based on their potential ecological impacts. Of the 56 alien predatory crab species known worldwide, 28 species have pathways to South Africa. Incompatible temperature ranges excluded only two species from each ecoregion. Negative ecological impacts in their invaded ranges placed Japanese shore crab Hemigrapsus sanguineus, brush-clawed shore crab H. takanoi and Chinese mitten crab Eriocheir sinensis at the top of the watch list. This study highlights that many alien crab species have the potential to reach South Africa, with most likely to survive. This watch list should be used to support targeted monitoring and so facilitate early detection of these species, should they reach South Africa.

# This horizon scanning



- Europe (excl. Norway & European Russia)
- Atlantic coastal dunes
- Protected areas
- ▶ NATURA2000 (Annex 1 Habitat Directive)
  - → Conservation Status assessments
  - → Art 17 reporting
- Data driven
  - → Openly available data
  - → GRIIS checklists
  - → GBIF data
- Focus on what is there already
  - → Not so distant horizon
  - → Reduce uncertainty (arrival, establishment)
  - → Identify sleeper weeds
  - → Species that could jump the garden/ruderal fence



INTERPRETATION

MANUAL

OF

EUROPEAN UNION

HABITATS

**EUR 28** 

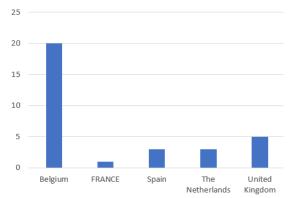
April 2013

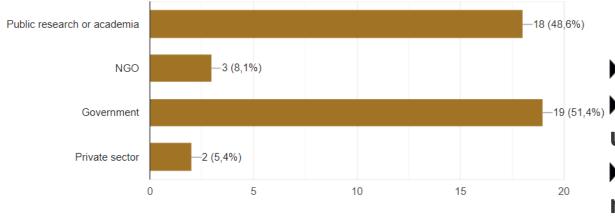






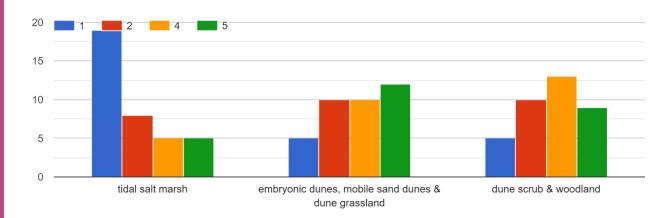
## Who's here





- No one from Ireland
- □19 (51,4%) ► France underrepresented
  - Belgium very well represented
  - Less affinity with tidal

Familiarity with dune ecoseries (1 = I have only little experience, 5 = I know this habitat very well) and salt marsh





# **Species list**

- ▶ An endless pool of *potentially* introduced and invasive species
- ▶ Many lists to start from, each with their own scope
- ▶ As objective as possible
- ▶ A set of filters
- ▶ A feasible number of species to end with
- ▶ Choices had to be made...
- ▶ Taxonomy: tracheophytes, bryophytes and marchantiophytes
- ▶ Rank: **species**, **subspecies** or **varieties**
- ▶ Alien to Europe

# **Species list**

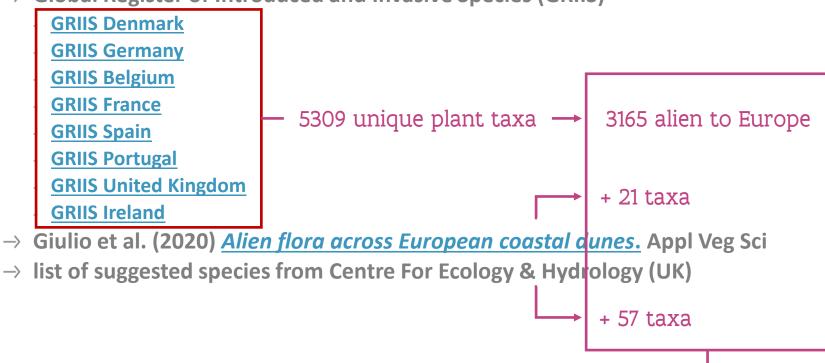




- 682

#### Sources

→ Global Register of Introduced and Invasive Species (GRIIS)



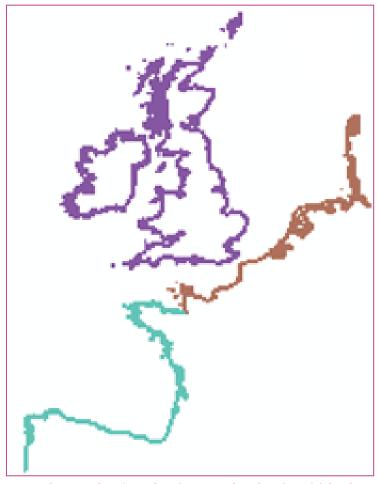
Excluding synonyms (accepted names only)

2561 taxa

# **Species list**

- ▶ Any occurrence within the Atlantic coastal zone
  - → GBIF occurrences
  - $\rightarrow$  (10 km)<sup>2</sup> grid map
  - → since 1950

2561 <u>1316</u> taxa



Southern-Atlantic, Atlantic-central, Atlantic-British Isles

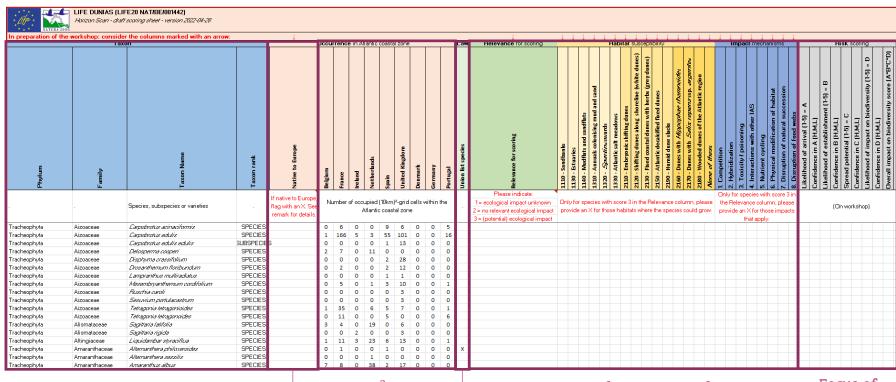
# **Species list**

▶ Technical cleaning (issue with varieties and hybrids)

- ▶ Alien to Europe was felt necessary to downsize list...
- ... but excluded some taxa of project interest (obligation!)
- ▶ Added manually —— +24

\_\_\_\_\_ 1317 taxa included in scoring sheet

## The homework list



Union list (Regulation

nr. 1143/2014)

The taxa

# (10 km)<sup>2</sup> grid cells within the Atl. coastal zone, per country

As data on nativeness proved incomplete (GRIIS BE, GBIF taxon details),

some European natives have slipped the filter  $\odot$ 

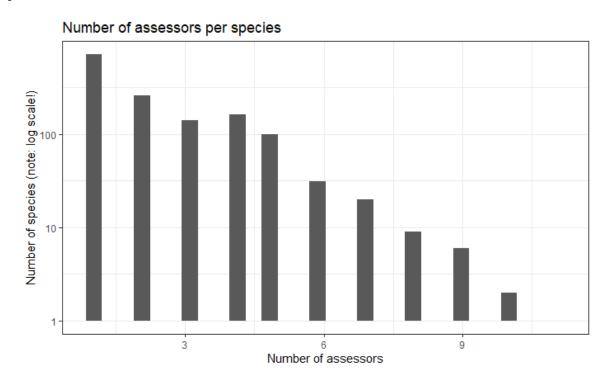
Your homework

Focus of the workshop

### Your homework

- > 3300 line contributions!
  - → rows (taxa) modified
  - → rows (taxa) added

### ▶ Thanks!



# The workshop list

**Selection criterion**: any species deemed relevant (score = 3) by at least one assessor. 344 species

